Course Description
This course focuses on Nursing care of emotionally ill patients who are experiencing difficulty meeting psychosocial needs. It also focuses on how emotional illness affects the needs of the individual and family in their efforts to adapt to stressors. The physiological and psychological needs of the patient are addressed through Quality and Safety for Nurses (QSEN) Initiative incorporating the concepts of patient centered care, teamwork and collaboration, evidence based practice, safety, quality improvement and informatics; the Nursing Process; and the Categories of Client Needs. Students are also introduced to the principles of management of patient groups.

Class work for a typical week consists of: five (5) hours classroom instruction, one (1) hour weekly college laboratory/ simulation, and eight (8) hours of health agency experiences. It is essential for students to engage in additional practice for further development of skills. Provisions are available for additional time in the college laboratory for practice.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (SLOs)
Upon completion of Nursing 2000, using the Nursing Process in a variety of health care settings to a diverse population of mental health patients, the student will:

Course SLOs

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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Structure safe, compassionate, nursing care to patients within the continuum of care in mental health services.</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Prioritize patient-centered nursing interventions for patients with mental health problems and disorders.</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Deliver nursing care supported by principles of evidenced based practice.</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Apply critical thinking and clinical reasoning strategies when providing care in mental health nursing.</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Implement principles of teamwork and collaboration when working with members of the interdisciplinary mental health team.</td>
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6. Analyze pertinent leadership/management methods to optimize patient outcome.

7. Demonstrate accurate quality documentation while using the principles of information services and systems when providing care.

8. Practice professional nursing within an ethical and legal framework to protect the rights of mental health patients.

ASSESSMENT MEASURES FOR COURSE SLOs
Students will perform satisfactorily in the classroom, laboratory/simulation and clinical setting as evidenced by achieving 75% or greater on written exams, completion/submission of various course specific written assignments, and demonstration of satisfactory performance on course specific clinical competency and evaluation tools.

ASSESSMENT TECHNOLOGY INSTITUTE (ATI) TESTING
Kingsborough’s Nursing Department uses ATI Nursing Education tutorials, testing and remediation each semester. Active participation in ATI assignments and testing is a requirement of this course and will account for 4% of the course grade. Failure to take the proctored exam as scheduled will result in a grade of incomplete and will prevent progression in the program.

ATTENDANCE
Complete participation in class is possible only when students are able to focus attention on the class; therefore, entering class after it has begun is disrespectful to Faculty and classmates. Talking out of turn or exhibiting other disruptive behaviors is not tolerated and students will be asked to leave the classroom or lab.

All cell phones; smart devices or other multimedia devices that generate sound must be turned off when any member of the academic community enters a classroom. Cellular devices are allowed to be on in the classroom only if the owner is using the caller ID, voice messages or a vibrating battery. NO TEXTING IS ALLOWED AT ANY TIME DURING CLASS AND/OR LABS. Members of the academic community must exit the classroom to make or receive calls.

A student is deemed excessively absent in any course when he or she has been absent 15% of the number of contact hours a class meets during a semester. When a student is excessively absent, a grade of “WU” will be assigned as described in the college catalogue. Attendance at pre and post conference for laboratory experience is required. Absence from either pre or post conference constitutes an absence for the day’s experience.

STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES
Access-Ability Services (AAS) serves as a liaison and resource to the KCC community regarding disability issues, promotes equal access to all KCC programs and activities, and makes every reasonable effort to provide appropriate accommodations and assistance to students with disabilities. Your instructor will make the accommodations you need once you provide documentation from the Access-Ability office (D-205). Please contact AAS for assistance.

EXAM POLICY
All personal items (backpacks, purses, etc.) must be placed in front of the classroom before the exam begins. The Nursing Department will provide each student with a calculator and #2 pencil during exams. There are to be NO personal items in use (pens, highlighters, pencils, electronic devices, etc.) during an exam. Food and drink is strictly prohibited during the examination period. Students will be asked to remove all hats, scarfs and jewelry prior to the beginning of exams. (The only exceptions are head coverings and jewelry worn for religious purposes). There will be no individual exam reviews with faculty members.
Evaluation
Grades will be calculated according to college and departmental policy as follows:

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<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
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<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>97 – 100</td>
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<td>A</td>
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<td>B+</td>
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<td>B</td>
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<td>C+</td>
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<td>A-</td>
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<td>B-</td>
<td>80 – 82</td>
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<td>C-</td>
<td>70 – 74</td>
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<td>&lt; 60</td>
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W Withdrew without penalty
WU Unofficial withdrawal (counts as failure)
INC Doing passing work, but missing an assignment or an examination; changes to a “FIN” if work is not made up by the 10th week of the next 12-week session
FIN Failure as a result of an Incomplete

Nursing 2000 grades will be calculated as follows:

- Lecture examinations average (2 exams) 61% (Exam 1 = 30.5%, Exam 2 = 30.5%)
- Final examination 35%
- ATI assignments and testing 4%
- Clinical competency Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
- Unfolding Process Recordings Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
- Writing assignment Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
- Case Study Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory
- Attendance at an open Alcoholics Anonymous meeting and presenting and submitting a reflection paper. Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory

Students are expected to take all exams when scheduled. Exceptions to this rule will be for emergency situations and the faculty must know in advance. Students who do not take an exam on the scheduled date are required to take a makeup exam. All makeup exams may be given at the end of the semester. Students who fail to take the scheduled exams or makeup exams will receive a grade of zero for that test.

All written assignments must comply with college standards for written work. Written assignments are to be turned in during the class period on the date that they are due. All assignments must be handed in by the end of the course to complete the requirements of the course. A late assignment will meet the requirements of the course but will not receive full credit. If written assignments are not submitted by the end of the course the student will receive a grade of “INC” for the course. Students must submit all assignments prior to the beginning of the next semester in order to progress in the program.

Clinical agency performance will be evaluated as Satisfactory (S) or Unsatisfactory (U). Performance that has been designated as “U” at the end of the course will result in failure of the course. A minimum average grade of "75%" is required on all clinical assignments to achieve a satisfactory clinical grade.

A conference with the instructor is required at mid-semester, and at the end of the course, at which time the student’s progress in the course will be discussed. In addition, students may initiate conferences with the instructor at other times.
RETENTION CRITERIA
Criteria for retention in the Nursing Program mandates that students;

1. Earn a minimum of a “C” grade in every required Nursing and co-requisite course with the exception of Nursing 1700.
2. Students must achieve a grade of “B” in order to pass NUR 1700. **Students in NUR 1700 who achieve a failing grade of no less than “C-” may repeat the course one time only after submitting an “Intent to Return to Nursing Course” form.**
3. **Students who achieve a “C-“ grade in required clinical nursing course may apply to repeat the course one time only in the semester immediately following, subject to space availability. The minimum grade for clinical courses that are repeated is a “B.”** The “Intent to Return to Nursing Course” form can be found on the KCC Website Nursing Department page under “Forms”. This must be completed and include a plan of success that demonstrates significant changes in how they will approach the course when repeated. **Only one required nursing course may be repeated.** A grade of less than a “C” in a second nursing course will cause the student to be dismissed from the program.
4. Students who enter Nursing 1700 and Nursing 1800 **MUST** complete the Nursing Program within four years from the date of entry into this course. Any student who has not attended nursing courses for two or more consecutive semesters cannot be readmitted into the Nursing Program unless qualifying examinations have been passed in the required nursing courses previously successfully completed. Qualifying examinations may be repeated only once
5. Students in the clinical component can only appeal the retention criteria one time.
6. Students in the clinical component can only withdraw once and must be passing to do so.

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<tr>
<th>Teaching Strategies</th>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture-Discussion</td>
<td>Computer Assisted Instruction/ATI</td>
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<td>Role Playing</td>
<td>Pre and Post Conferences</td>
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<td>Group Work</td>
<td>Health Agency Experiences</td>
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<tr>
<td>Case Studies</td>
<td>Unfolding Process Recording</td>
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<td>Multimedia</td>
<td>Simulated Laboratory Experience</td>
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<td>Reflective Questions</td>
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</tbody>
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REQUIRED TEXTBOOKS
Required Textbooks for Nursing 2000:
ISBN 9781451192438

REQUIRED RESOURCES:
Assessment Technology Institute (ATI).

PROVIDED REFERENCES:
Nursing Central by Unbound Medicine
• Davis Drug Guide
• Diseases and Disorders
• Taber’s Medical Dictionary
• Davis Lab and Diagnostics Guide
RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

Optional References:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>All students are expected to read and adhere to the policies pertaining to the following, as outlined in the department’s Nursing Student Handbook:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Attendance</td>
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<tr>
<td>Malpractice insurance, health clearance, and CPR training, criminal background check</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaluation and grading</td>
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<td>Clinical competencies</td>
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<td>College laboratory practice requirements</td>
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<td>Clinical Agency experience requirements</td>
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<tr>
<td>Integrity</td>
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<td>Netiquette</td>
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<tr>
<td>Specific dress requirements for each clinical course</td>
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<td>Drug calculation policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mandatory skills review</td>
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<tr>
<td>Criteria for retention in the nursing program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Civility (including appropriate dress)</td>
</tr>
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</table>

DRESS REQUIREMENTS
Nursing students are representatives of Kingsborough Community College and must present themselves as professional role models.

- All students are expected to observe good personal hygiene. Only non-perfumed products are to be used.
- Students are required to be dressed professionally at all times. No short skirts, low cut tops, tight seductive clothing will be permitted.
- No attire/tinted glasses, which cover the student’s eyes and/or face is permitted.
- The dress code for clinical courses (*except Nursing 2000*) requires a white uniform (no scrubs) with the Nursing Department patch sewn to the left upper sleeve of the uniform, 2 inches below the shoulder seam. Students must wear white shoes (no sneakers). Uniforms are to be neat, clean, fit appropriately and be in a good state of repair. Head wear for religious reasons should conform with the uniform colors (white).
- Hair is to be clean, neat off the face and above the collar line. Men are to be clean-shaven or have a neatly trimmed beard and/or mustache. Decorative and pointed hair ornaments/coverage are not permitted. Makeup and hairstyle must be subdued.
• Nails should not extend beyond the fingertips and should be rounded and clean. Only non-chipped nail polish is permitted. Artificial nails of any type are not permitted.
• No jewelry other than a plain wedding ring and/or small stud earring may be worn. No visible body piercing jewelry is permitted.
• A KCC picture ID badge, watch with second hand is required.
• Students must also wear the KCC picture identification badge at all off-campus clinical agency experiences.

Additional Dress Code and Other Requirements for Nursing 2000
Any attire that may negatively impact a patient’s psychopathology is not permitted. (This specifically refers to patients who are paranoid and/or impulsive). Students are expected to dress appropriately in professional attire in the clinical area. **Uniforms are not to be worn.** The following attire is NOT permitted: Short-skirts, low cut tops, tight, seductive clothing, jeans and tee shirts. Students may not carry cigarettes on the psychiatric clinical units. Additionally, all electronic devices including cellular phones and forbidden on any of the psychiatric clinical unit. All students must bring college photo ID. In addition, if the institution requires a hospital photo ID, it must be worn at each clinical.

Students who come to the clinical setting improperly attired or unprepared for their assignment will be dismissed by their clinical instructor and counted absent.
Topical Outline

UNIT I
Mental Health Care in Contemporary Society

UNIT II
Foundations of Psychiatric Nursing

UNIT III
Contemporary Psychiatric Nursing Practice

UNIT V
Prevention of Mental Disorders

UNIT VI
Care and Recovery for Persons with Psychiatric Disorders

UNIT VIII
Care of Older Adults

UNIT IX
Care of Special Population
### Content/Lecture Discussion

**Course Overview**
- Review of syllabus
- Patient assignments
- Agency policies
- Pre and post-conferences
- Psychiatric Mental-Health Nursing Evidence-Based Practice
- Mental Health and Mental Disorders: Fighting Stigma & Promoting Recovery
- Cultural and Spiritual Issues Related to Mental Health
- Patient Rights and Legal Issues
- Mental Health Care in the Community

**Mental Health**
- Definition
- Pathophysiology
- Etiological factors
- Classifications
  - DSM IV
  - NANDA
  - Persistent mental illness
  - Stress/ defense mechanisms
  - Community management of mental illness

**Related Factors:**
- Age
- Genetics
- Homelessness
- Substance abuse
- Trans-cultural considerations

**Assessment**
- Nursing history
- Mental Status exam
- Physical assessment
- Psychological Testing

**Planning**
- Expected outcome criteria
- Health promotion activities
- Therapeutic interventions
- Legal/ethical implications
- HIPAA

**Independent activities**
- Coping strategies
- Therapeutic communication
  - Collaborative activities
    - Cognitive therapy
    - Group
    - Milieu
    - Behavior modification
    - Team concepts
    - Crisis intervention
    - Family therapy
    - Referral/community resources
    - Discharge planning
      - Day hospital
      - Long-term in-patient care
      - Domiciliary/assisted living
      - Case management

**Evaluation of outcome criteria**
- Revision of plan

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**Related Learner Experiences**
UNIT I – Mental Health Care in Contemporary Society

Required Reading
- Nursing 2000 Syllabus
- Review: PSY 1100 and PSY 3200, NUR 1700, 1800, 2100
- Boyd, Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Recommended Resources
- Assessment Technology Institute (ATI)

Learner Activities
- Pretest and case study on each chapter covered
- Article review and group discussion
- Simulations, role-playing
- Watch and learn videos
- NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions

On-Campus Lab #1 Objectives
- Identify manifestations of various mental health disorders
- Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problems
- Identify ethical frameworks used in psychiatric nursing
- Discuss the basic tools of psychiatric–mental health nursing
- Develop a comprehensive plan of care for a patient with mental health disorder
- Identify teaching strategies for patients with mental health disorders
- Discuss selected challenges of psychiatric–mental health nursing

Clinical Agency Objectives
The student will:
- Perform a nursing assessment on a patient who has a mental health disorder
- Analyze assessment data
- Formulate relevant nursing problems for the patient
- Prioritize nursing problems
- Formulate plan to achieve optimum patient outcomes
- Implement the plan
- Evaluate patient outcomes
- Communicate & collaborate with the patient and healthcare team
- Educate patient
- Preventive health strategies
- Health maintenance
- Coping Skills
- Medications
- Community resources
- Incorporate national patient safety goals to ensure safe effective care.
Unit II – Foundations of Psychiatric Nursing

Content/Lecture Discussion

- Overview
- Ethics, Standards and Nursing Frameworks
- Psychosocial Theoretic Basis of Psychiatric Nursing
- Biological Foundations of Psychiatric Nursing

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading
- Boyd, Chapters 6, 7, 8

Recommended Resources
- Assessment Technology Institute (ATI)

Learner Activities
- Virtual Simulation “Hearing Voices”
- Article review and group discussion
- Pre test and case study on each chapter covered
- Watch and learn videos
- NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions

On-Campus Lab #2 Objectives
The student will
- Identify manifestations of schizophrenia and other various mental health disorders
- Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problems
- Identify ethical frameworks used in psychiatric nursing
- Discuss the basic tools of psychiatric –mental health nursing
- Develop a comprehensive plan of care for a patient with mental health disorder
- Identify teaching strategies for patients with mental health disorders
- Discuss selected challenges of psychiatric –mental health nursing

Clinical Agency Objectives
The student will
- Perform a nursing assessment on a patient who has mental health disorder
- Analyze data
- Formulate relevant nursing problems for a patient who has a mental health disorder
- Prioritize nursing problems
- Formulate plan to achieve patient outcomes for a patient who has mental health disorder
- Implement the plan
- Evaluate patient outcomes
- Communicate & collaborate with the patient and healthcare team
- Teach a patient who has a mental health disorder
- Preventative health strategies
- Health maintenance
- Coping skills
- Medications
### Unit II – Foundations of Psychiatric Nursing

- Lifestyle modifications
- Incorporate National Patient Safety Goals to ensure safe effective care delivery

### Unit III – Contemporary Psychiatric Nursing Practice

**Content/Lecture Discussion**
**Unit III – Contemporary Psychiatric Nursing Practice**

- Communication and Therapeutic Relationship
- The Psychiatric-Mental Health Nursing Process
- Psychopharmacology, Dietary Supplements and Biological Interventions
- Cognitive Interventions in Psychiatric Nursing
- Overview
  - Definitions
  - Classification
  - Pathophysiology
  - Etiological factors
    - Genetic
    - Biochemical
    - Psychological
- Assessment
  - Nursing history
  - Physical assessment
  - Diagnostic/Lab tests
- Nursing Priority Problems
  - Hopelessness
  - Powerlessness
  - Chronic low self-esteem
  - Social isolation
  - Risk for suicide
  - Risk for loneliness
  - Ineffective mgmt. of therapeutic regimen
- Planning
  - Expected outcome criteria
  - Health promotion activities
  - Therapeutic intervention
  - Legal/ethical considerations
  - Cultural considerations
- Implementation - Independent Activities
  - Health promotion
    - Physical/protective needs
    - Interpersonal relationships
    - Cognitive-behavioral therapy
    - Dietary restrictions
- Implementation - Collaborative Activities
  - Medications
  - Procedures/Treatments
    - Group therapy
    - Family therapy
  - Discharge planning
  - Referrals/community resources
- Evaluation
  - Evaluation of outcome criteria
  - Revision of plan

**Related Learner Experiences**
Unit III – Contemporary Psychiatric Nursing Practice

Required Reading
- Boyd, Chapters 9, 10, 11, 12

Recommended Resources
- Assessment Technology Institute (ATI)

Learner Activities
- Pre test and case study on each chapter covered
- Article review and group discussion
- Simulation, role playing
- Watch and learn videos
- NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions

On-campus Lab #3 Objectives
The student will
- Develop a repertoire of verbal and non verbal communication
- Discuss the significance of defense mechanisms
- Explain what occurs in each of the three phases of the nurse patient relationship; orientation, working and resolution
- Explain how the nurse can establish a therapeutic relationship with patients by using rapport and empathy
- Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problems
- Describe measures to detect a medication side effects
- Describe the use of cognitive therapy for a patient with mental health disorders

Clinical Agency Objectives
- Perform a nursing assessment on a patient who has a mental health disorder
- Analyze data.
- Formulate all relevant nursing problems.
- Prioritize problems
- Formulate a plan of care to achieve patient outcomes for a patient who has a mood disorder.
- Implement the plan
- Evaluate patient outcomes
- Communicate & collaborate with the patient, and health care provider.
- Teach a patient who has a mental health disorder
- Preventive Health strategies
- Health Maintenance
- Dietary MAOIs
- Medication use
- Lifestyle modifications
- Incorporates National Patient Safety Goals into plan of care to ensure safe effective care delivery
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<tr>
<td>Stress and Mental Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>Management of Anger, Aggression and Violence</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crisis, Loss, Grief, Response, Bereavement and Disaster management</td>
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<td>Suicide Prevention: Screening, Assessment, Intervention</td>
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**UNIT V – Prevention of Mental Disorders**

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<th>Overview of aggression</th>
<th>Assessment</th>
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<td>- Definitions</td>
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<td>- Revision of plan</td>
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Related Learner Experiences
**UNIT V – Prevention of Mental Disorders**

**Required Reading:** Boyd, Chapters 18, 19, 20, 21

**Recommended Resources:** Assessment Technology Institute (ATI)

**Recommended Reading**

**Learner Activities**
- Discuss the concept of stress as it relates to mental health/ and mental illness
- Pre test and case study on each chapter covered
- Watch and learn videos
- NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions
  - Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problem
  - Discuss the concept of stress as it relates to mental health and mental illness
  - Explore differences between healthy and maladaptive styles of anger

**Related Learner Experiences**
Differentiate acute stress from chronic stress
- Explain the role of coping and adaptation in maintaining and promoting mental health
- Apply critical thinking skills to the nursing process for person experiencing stress
- Explore difference between healthy and maladaptive styles of anger
- Generate options for responding to the expression of anger, aggression, and violent behaviors in clinical nursing practice
- Describe the types of crisis and losses
- Evaluate the effects of the crisis, loss, or disaster experience on lifestyle and survival
- Identify suicide as a major mental health problem in the United States
- Define suicide, suicidality, suicide attempt, parasuicide, and suicidal ideation
- Describe population groups that have high rates of suicide
- Describe evidenced-based interventions used to reduce imminent and ongoing suicide risk
- Explain the importance of documentation and reporting when caring for patients who may be at risk of suicide
- Describe measures to prevent self-mutilation, impulsivity and manipulation
- Develop a comprehensive plan of care for a borderline personality disorder patient
- Describe the use of cognitive therapy with a patient who has borderline personality disorder

On-Campus lab #4
The student will
- Identify manifestations of anger, aggression and violence
- Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problem
- Discuss the concept of stress as it relates to mental health and mental illness
- Explore differences between healthy and maladaptive styles of anger
- Evaluate the effects of the crisis, loss, or disaster experience on lifestyle and survival
- Identify suicide as a major mental health problem in the United States
- Develop a comprehensive plan of care for patients with these mental health disorders

Clinical Setting
The student will
- Perform a nursing assessment on a patient who has anxiety management disorder
- Analyze data
- Formulate all relevant nursing problems for a patient who is experiencing stress, anger aggression, violence, patients in crisis, loss, grief, bereavement, disaster management, and suicide prevention
- Prioritize nursing problems
- Formulate a plan to achieve patient outcomes
- Implement the plan
- Evaluate patient outcome
- Communicate & collaborate with patient and healthcare team
- Teach patients
- Preventive health care strategies
- Health maintenance
- Dietary
- Medications
- Lifestyle modifications
- Incorporates National Patient Safety Goals into the plan of care in order to ensure safe effective care delivery.
UNIT VI – Care and Recovery for Persons with Psychiatric Disorders

Content/Lecture Discussion
UNIT VI – Care and Recovery for Persons with Psychiatric Disorders

- Overview
- Schizophrenia and Related Disorders
- Depression: Management of Depressive Moods and Suicidal Behavior
- Bipolar Disorders: Management of mood lability
- Anxiety Disorders
- Obsessive Compulsive and Related Disorders
- Trauma and Stress Related Disorders
- Personality Disorders
- Addiction and Substance-Related Disorders
- Eating Disorders: Management of Eating and Weight
- Somatic Symptom and Related Disorders
  - Definition
  - Pathophysiology
  - Etiological factors
  - Classifications
    - Paranoid
    - Disorganized
    - Catatonic
    - Undifferentiated
    - Residual
  - Complications
    - Water intoxication
    - Neuroleptic malignant syndrome
    - Extrapyramidal side effects
    - Agranulocytosis

Depression: Management of Depressive Moods and Suicidal Behavior

- Related Factors
  - Age
  - Support network
  - GAF/ chronicity
  - Trans-cultural considerations

Assessment
- Nursing history
- Mental status exam
  - Positive symptoms
  - Negative symptoms
- Diagnostic tests/lab tests
  - Neuroanatomical studies
  - Psychological testing

Nursing Priority Problems
- Disturbed thought processes
- Disturbed sensory perception
- Decisional conflict
- Impaired social interaction
- Impaired verbal communication
  - Disturbed personal identity
  - Overview

- Planning
  - Expected outcome criteria
  - Health promotion activities
  - Therapeutic interventions
  - Legal/Ethical implications
    - Implementation – Independent activities
    - Health promotion
      - Implementation – Collaborative activities
        - Medications
          - Traditional antipsychotics
          - Atypical antipsychotics
          - Anti-cholinergic/anti-Parkinson medications.
        - Procedures/treatments
          - Electroconvulsive therapy
            - Acute phase
            - Rehabilitation phase
            - Referrals/community resources
            - Discharge planning
              - Day hospital
              - Case management
              - Long-term placement
              - Domiciliary care
              - Trans-cultural considerations

        - Evaluation of outcomes

(08/06/2014, 8/5/2015, 02/05/16, 1/26/18, 8/13/18, 8/1/19)
UNIT VI – Care and Recovery for Persons with Psychiatric Disorders

Related Learner Experiences

Required Reading
• Boyd, Chapters 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32

Recommended Resources
Assessment Technology Institute (ATI).

Learner Activities
• Pre test and case study on each chapter covered
• Article review and group discussion
• Simulation, role playing
• Watch and learn videos
• NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions

On-Campus lab #5
• The student will
• Identify manifestations of various mental health disorders
• Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problem
• Describe measures to detect anti-depressant medication side effects
• Develop a comprehensive plan of care for a depressed patient.
• Present AA reflection paper to class.
• Identify manifestations of anorexia
• Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing priority problems
• Describe measures to prevent purging by an eating disorder patient
• Develop a comprehensive plan of care for an anorexic patient.
• Describe the use of cognitive therapy for an eating disorder patient

Clinical Setting
- The student will
- Perform a nursing assessment on patients with various mental health disorders
- Analyze data
- Formulate nursing problem related to anxiety disorders
- Prioritize nursing problems
- Formulate a plan to achieve patient outcomes
- Implement the plan
- Evaluate patient outcomes
- Communicate and collaborate with patient and healthcare team
- Teach anxiety disorder patients
  • Prevention health strategies
  • Health maintenance
  • Dietary
  • Medication use
  • Lifestyle modifications
- Incorporates National Patient Safety Goals into the plan of care in order to ensure safe effective care delivery.
UNIT VIII – Care of Older Adults

### Content/Lecture Discussion

| Mental Health Assessment of Older Adults |
| Neurocognitive Disorders |
| Overview |
| - Definition |
| - Mental Health and the older Adult |
| - Death and Grief and Loss |
| - Cognition, |
| - Delirium |
| - Neurocognitive Disorders |

- Pathophysiology of Neurocognitive Disorders and Delirium

- Etiological factors:
  - Cerebral atherosclerosis
  - Alcoholism/substance abuse
  - Trauma
  - Infection/fever
  - Parkinson’s
  - Neurocognitive Disorders

- Complications
  - Injury
  - Caregivers stress
  - Institutional care

- Factors related to delirium/dementia
  - Age
  - Genetic/biochemical
  - Psychological
  - Societal attitudes
  - Cultural considerations

- Assessment
  - Physical
  - Emotional
  - Behavioral
  - Social
  - Cultural

### Related Learner Experiences

- Nursing Priority Problems
  - Acute confusion
  - Chronic confusion
  - Impaired memory
  - Caregiver role strain
  - Wandering

- Planning
  - Expected outcome criteria
  - Therapeutic interventions
  - Health promotion activities
  - Legal/ethical implications of care

- Collaborative activities

- Procedures/treatments
  - Physical needs
  - Safety needs
    - Structured environment
  - Socialization needs
  - Self-esteem needs

- Medication therapy
  - Neurocognitive Disorders
  - Anti-psychotics

- Health teaching
  - Physical/protective measures
  - Discharge planning, follow up care
  - Referrals/community resources (support groups, day programs)

- Trans-cultural considerations

- Evaluation
  - Evaluation of outcome criteria
  - Revision of plan

(08/06/2014, 8/5/2015, 02/05/16, 1/26/18, 8/13/18, 8/1/19)
### UNIT VIII – Care of Older Adults

#### Required Reading
- Boyd, Chapters 37, 38

#### Recommended Readings
- Assessment Technology Institute (ATI).

#### Learner Activities
- Pre test and case study on each chapter covered
- Article review and group discussion
- Simulations, role playing
- Watch and learn videos
- NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions

#### On-Campus Lab # 6 Objectives
- The student will
  - Compare changes in normal aging with those associated with mental health problems in older adults
  - Select various techniques in assessing older adults who have mental health problems
  - Delineate important areas of assessment in the geropsychiatric nursing assessment
  - Distinguish the clinical characteristics, onset, and course of delirium and dementia
  - Discuss the nursing care of persons with delirium and dementia

#### Clinical Agency Objectives
- The student will
  - Perform a nursing assessment on a patient who has a neurocognitive disorder
  - Analyze data
  - Formulate priority nursing problems
  - Formulate a plan of care to achieve patient outcomes
  - Implement the plan of care
  - Evaluate patient outcomes
  - Communicate and collaborate with patient, and healthcare team
  - Teach patients
  - Preventive health strategies
  - Health maintenance
  - Dietary
  - Medications
  - Lifestyle modifications
  - Incorporates National Patient Safety Goals into the plan of care in order to ensure safe effective care delivery.

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### Unit IX- Care of Special Populations

#### Content/Lecture Discussion
### Unit IX- Care of Special Populations

- Overview
- Intimate Partner Violence
- Psychological Abuse
- Sexual Assault
- Child Maltreatment
- Elder Maltreatment
- Cycle of Violence
- Lethality Assessment Tools
- History and Physical
- Psychoeducation Checklist

### Related Learner Experiences

#### Required Reading
- Boyd, Chapter 41

#### Learner Activities
- Pretest and case study on each chapter covered
- Article review and group discussion
- Simulations, role-playing
- Watch and learn videos
- NCLEX-Style Chapter Review Questions

#### On-Campus Lab Objectives

The student will
- Describe types of violence and abuse, including intimate partner violence (IPV), stalking, rape, and sexual assault, child maltreatment, and elder abuse
- Analyze data from case study and prioritize nursing problems
- Define selected theories of violence
- Interpret various lethality assessment tools
- Discuss the formation of a therapeutic relationship with a victim of violence
- Formulate a comprehensive plan of care for a survivor of violence and abuse
- Identify teaching strategies for patients who are survivors of violence and abuse
- Describe treatment for perpetrators of abuse and violence

#### Clinical Agency Objectives

The student will
- Perform a nursing assessment on a patient who is a survivor of violence /or abuse
- Analyze data
- Formulate relevant nursing problems for a patient with a survivor of violence /or abuse
- Prioritize nursing problems
- Formulate plan to achieve optimum patient outcomes
- Implement the plan
- Evaluate patient outcomes
- Communicate & collaborate with the patient and healthcare team
- Educate a patient who is a survivor of violence /or abuse

- Preventative health strategies
- Health maintenance
- Coping skills
- Medications
- Community resources
- Incorporate National Patient Safety Goals to ensure safe effective care