

KEY
N/A - Not Applicable
NIC – Not in Chart
UTD – Unable to Determine
Ø - None

KINGSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE
DEPARTMENT OF NURSING
NURSING 18
USE ONLY APPROVED ABBREVIATIONS

NURSING ASSESSMENT

STUDENT _____

CLIENT INITIALS _____

INSTRUCTOR _____

ROOM NO _____

AGENCY/SECTION _____

DATES OF CARE _____

DIRECTIONS: Please fill in each line/space. Nothing should be left blank.

DATA COLLECTION: HISTORY & HEALTH ASSESSMENT

PRESENT ILLNESS - Chief Complaint (Admission date, reason for seeking care, pt. explanation)

MEDICAL DIAGNOSIS: _____

CONCURRENT HEALTH PROBLEMS: _____

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY:

Infectious Diseases _____

Immunizations (Hep B, Influenza, Pneumococcal, last Tetanus & TB test) _____

Prior Hospitalizations (Reason, Treatment, Length of stay) _____

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: (Type, Date, Place, Length of Stay)

TRANSFUSIONS (Dates) _____ **REACTIONS**(Describe) _____

MEDICATIONS PRIOR TO ADMISSION: (Prescribed, Over the Counter, Vitamins, Herbs, dose and frequency)

DATA COLLECTION: DESCRIBE ALL DATA	PHYSICAL Assessment	
General Appearance		
Systemic Assessment - A. Neurological: Mental Status: LOC: alert/drowsy lethargic/stuporous/comatose/ restless/confused		
Orientation: time/place/person/recent memory		
Headaches: Location/frequency		
Eyes: glasses/diplopia/pain/discharge/perla Sclera: red/yellow/clear		
Ears: Hearing loss/tinnitus/vertigo/deformities/Hearing Aid		
Speech: Clear/slurred/coherent		
Ability to Swallow:		
Gait:		
Paresthesia:		
Weakness:		
Coordination:		
B. Cardiovascular: B/P: site/position		
Body Temperature & route		
Apical Pulse: rate/rhythm/quality		
Respirations: rate/labored/unlabored; Pulse oximetry O2sat		
Pain: location/frequency/duration/intensity on a scale of 0 - 10/provokes/palliates/quality/ radiates		
fatigue/dizziness/chest pain/numbness/tingling in extremities		
Arterial Pulses	Right	Left
0 – Absent	Carotid	
1+ - Barely Palpable	Brachial	
2+ - Decreased	Radial	
3+ - Full (normal)	Femoral	
4+ - Bounding	Popliteal	
Symmetry	Posterior Tibial	
	Dorsalis Pedis	

DATA COLLECTION	PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT	
B.Cardiovascular: Capillary refill (norm less than 3 secs)color/temperature/movement/sensation Homan's Sign (pain upon dorsiflexion)	TOES	FINGERS
	R	R
	L	L
	symmetry	symmetry
Skin color/temp/diaphoresis/edema		
Cardiac Monitoring:		
C.Respiratory: Breath Sounds: Describe all auscultated lung sounds/clear /decreased/absent		
Adventitious: rales /rhonchi /wheeze		
Respiratory rate/rhythm/depth/quality/effort of breathing/dyspnea/SOB	Anterior:	
	RUL	
	LUL	
	RLL	
	LLL	
	Posterior	
	RUL	
	LUL	
	RML	
	RLL	
Cough/Productive (describe sputum) Non-productive (frequency/precipitation factors/relief measures)		
Chest Symmetry: equal/unequal		
Oxygen Therapy: Mode (type)		
Percentage		
Liter flow rate		
Ventilator FIO2 TV RR		
CMV, SIMV, CPAP PEEP, Pressure Support		

DATA COLLECTION	PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT	
D. Integumentary		
Color: pale/cyanotic/flushed/mottled/jaundice		
Temperature: warm/cold/moist		
Turgor/texture		
Mucous Membrane: Color/moisture/integrity		
Rashes: petechiae/ecchymosis/ulcerations scars/scaling/flaking/purpura/pruritis/ integrity		
Wound: location/approximation/odor, discharge		
Decubitus Ulcers: location/type/size/shape/stage		
Dressings: location/ drainage/ odor		
E. Gastrointestinal:		
Height/Weight:		
Diet/Appetite/Tolerance:		
Nausea/Vomiting:		
Gums/Tongue/Teeth: swelling/bleeding/dyscoloration/ inflammation/loose or missing teeth		
Last Bowel Movement/consistency/color		
Continence		
Bowel Sounds: present/ absent, hyper/hypo active		
Abdomen: soft/distended/tenderness/colostomy	RUQ	LUQ
	RLQ	LLQ
Parenteral Fluids:		
IV: Solution:		
Location:		
Rate:		
Site appearance:		
Gavage Feedings: (NG, PEG):		
Type:		
route:		
amount:		
frequency:		
residual:		

F. Genitourinary: Contenance/ Incontinence:		
Urine output: frequency/ color/clarity/ odor/amount/ dysuria/ urgency		
Bladder distention:		
Vaginal/Penile Drainage:		
Catheter: type/patency/amount/site		
G. Musculoskeletal		
Extremities: deformities/ mobility		
ROJM:	Upper	Lower
Muscle Tonus/Strength:	R	R
Coordination/Gait/Balance	L	L
Pain/Tenderness/Edema		
Supportive Devices		
Casts/Brace/Splint		
H. Endocrine/Reproductive:		
Fatigue/wt.change/temperature intolerance		
Hair distribution/herpes/warts:		
Breast (masses/dimpling/ discharge/ pain/ mastectomy)		
Penis: location of meatus/ chancres/discharge/ tenderness/swelling		
Scrotum: lumps/swelling/ulcers/tenderness/ Testicles		

TEXTBOOK PICTURE (Definition, Major S/S, Treatment- link your patient's prescribed treatments to the textbook picture)

DATA COLLECTION: (document results of admission & current result & significance)	Diagnostic & Lab Tests		
Normal: Include normal parameters for assigned clinical agency.	Admission Date	Current Date	Significance: Circle only the appropriate significant finding or enter the reason if not printed.
WBC			↑ Inflammatory and infectious processes, leukemia. ↓ Aplastic anemia, viral infections.
RBC			↑ ↓ Below NR – indicates anemia, hemorrhage
Hgb			↑ COPD, high altitudes, polycythemia. ↓ Anemia hemorrhage, overhydration.
Hct			↑ Dehydration, high altitudes, polycythemia. ↓ Anemia, hemorrhage, overhydration.
Platelet			↑ Acute infections, chronic granulocytic leukemia, chronic pancreatitis, cirrhosis, collagen disorders, polycythemia, postsplenectomy ↓ Acute leukemia, DIC, thrombocytopenic purpura.
Pt Control INR			↑ Warfarin therapy, deficiency of factors I, II, V, VII, and X, vitamin K deficiency, liver disease.
Serum Electrolytes Na			↑ Dehydration, impaired renal function, primary aldosteronism, steroid therapy. ↓ Addison's disease, diabetic ketoacidosis, diuretic therapy, excessive loss from gastrointestinal tract, excessive perspiration, water intoxication.
K			↑ Addison's disease, diabetic ketosis, massive tissue destruction, renal failure. ↓ Cushing's syndrome, severe diarrhea, diuretic therapy, gastrointestinal fistula, pyloric obstruction, starvation, vomiting.
Cl			↑ Cardiac decompensation, metabolic acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, steroid therapy, uremia . ↓ Addison's disease, diarrhea, metabolic alkalosis, respiratory acidosis, vomiting.
BUN			↑ Increase in protein catabolism (fever, distress), renal disease, UTI. ↓ Malnutrition, sever liver damage.
Creatinine			↑ Active rheumatoid arthritis, biliary obstruction, hyperthyroidism, renal disorders, severe muscle disease ↓ Diabetes Mellitus.
Glucose			↑ Acute stress, cerebral lesions, Cushing's disease, Diabetes M., hyperthyroidism, pancreatic insufficiency. ↓ Addison's disease, hepatic disease, hypothyroidism, insulin overdosage, pancreatic tumor, pituitary hypofunction, postgastrectomy dumping syndrome.

DATA COLLECTION: (document results of admission & current result & significance)	Diagnostic & Lab Tests	
Ca		↑ Acute osteoporosis, hyperparathyroidism, Vitamin D intoxication, multiple myeloma. ↓ Acute pancreatitis, hypoparathyroidism, liver disease, malabsorption syndrome, renal failure, Vitamin D deficiency.
Albumin		↑ Dehydration ↓ Chronic liver disease, malabsorption, malnutrition, nephrotic syndrome, pregnancy
Total Protein		↑ Burns, cirrhosis (globulin fraction) dehydration. ↓ Congenital agammaglobulinemia, liver disease, malabsorption
<u>Urinalysis</u>		
Color	Straw	
Specify gravity		↑ Albuminuria, dehydration, glycosuria ↓ Diabetes insipidus.
Ph		↑ Chronic renal failure, compensatory phase of alkalosis, salicylate intoxication, vegetable diet ↓ Compensatory phase of acidosis, dehydration, emphysema
Glucose (negative)		↑ Diabetes M. low renal threshold for glucose resorption, physiologic stress, pituitary disorders.
Ketones (negative)		↑ Marked ketonuria
Blood (negative)		↑ Infection in urinary tract/ See RBC
Protein (negative)		↑ Congestive heart failure, nephritis, nephrosis, physiologic stress.
Bile (negative)		↑ Hepatitis
Casts (absent)		↑ Renal alterations
RBC (negative)		↑ Damage to glomerulus or tubules, trauma, disease of lower urinary tract.
WBC (negative)		↑ Infection in urinary tract
Other tests/procedures related to client hospitalization (include normal, client results and significance).		

DATA ANALYSIS: (sources history; physical assessment; dx test/ labs; MD orders)

NURSING DIAGNOSIS

P _____

E _____

S _____

P _____

E _____

S _____

P _____

E _____

S _____

P _____

E _____

S _____

DATA ANALYSIS: (sources history; physical assessment; dx test/ labs; MD orders)

NURSING DIAGNOSIS

P

E

S

P

E

S

P

E

S

P

E

S

Student's Nurses Note

STUDENT SELF-EVALUATION

Directions: Take time to do a realistic evaluation of your abilities in the areas listed below. Reflect on your overall performance for the course. What can you identify as support/barriers to your performance. Cite specific examples from your clinical experiences.

1. NURSING PROCESS:

A. Assessment –

What was your ability to gather data? Did you assess the client's cultural, developmental, emotional, physical, psychological, and spiritual needs? Did you use all sources ex. client, family, staff, medical record etc.

B. Analysis/Diagnosis -

Did you identify significant findings and cluster the data to arrive at diagnosis? Did you use your Nursing Diagnosis book to select the diagnostic label? Did you identify contributing/risk factors for your patient? Did you use the PES format?

C. Planning –

Did you prioritize your diagnoses? Were outcomes stated with specific criteria for measurement? Were nursing actions clear, did you include patient medications and teaching needs?

D. Implementation –

Did you carry out the plan, maintain a safe environment, provide patient/family teaching, collaborate with others?

E. Evaluation –

Were the outcomes met, how? Did you state specific outcome criteria? Does the plan need to be continued or changed?

2. THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS

What psychomotor skills did you perform? What do you need improvement with? What skills would you like to perform?

3. COMMUNICATION ABILITIES

Did you use therapeutic techniques? How effective was your verbal/non-verbal communication with the client/family, staff, peers, instructor? How would you describe your participation and contributions to pre and post conference? Was your written documentation organized clear, concise and complete? Did you complete the flow sheet, I & O, Medex etc?

4. MANAGEMENT

Did you manage your time well? Was all care given? Were your priorities correct?

5. CRITICAL THINKING

Did you apply theoretical knowledge? Can you explain and support the thinking behind the actions you chose? Did you consider . . . What if something goes wrong? or What if we try . . . ? Did you recognize your biases? What would you do differently? Did you have self-confidence? Did you demonstrate good clinical judgement?

NURSING ASSESSMENT AND CARE PLAN EVALUATION CRITERIA

Please note: All elements of the nursing process must be completed in order to receive a satisfactory grade of 75.

ASSESSMENT	(20)
Data is logically summarized:	
a) History and Health Assessment	4
b) Physical Assessment	4
c) Physician's Orders	2
d) Textbook Picture	2
e) Pharmacology Data Analysis	4
f) Diagnostic and lab tests	4
DIAGNOSING (DATA ANALYSIS)	(25)
Clusters Data	5
Identifies ALL Significant Findings	10
Identifies ALL relevant nursing diagnoses using the PES format	10
PLANNING (Develops Plan for 4 highest priority diagnoses – 3 physiological/1 psychological)	(15)
Prioritizes all identified diagnoses as HI-MED-LOW	5
Identifies appropriate client goals/desired outcomes	5
States criteria for evaluation of client goals/outcomes	5
IMPLEMENTATION	(30)
Identifies independent interventions to accomplish the top priorities for care (including teaching when appropriate)	7
Identifies interdependent interventions to accomplish the top priorities of care (including medications when appropriate)	7
Cites references for interventions	2
Explains scientific rationale for each intervention	7
Documents nursing activities on appropriate flow sheets and nurses' notes	7
EVALUATION	(10)
Evaluates outcomes for 4 top priority diagnoses using stated criteria for evaluation	5
Evaluates (self) performance of care	1
Correct grammar is used throughout document	2
Paper is legible	<u>2</u>
Total Points possible	100

Rev: winter 2008

